

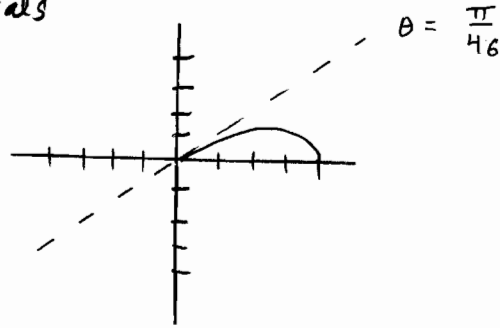
Problem 6

rose w/ 23 petals

$$r = 4 \cos 23\theta$$

$$\theta = 0 \quad r = 4$$

$$\theta = \frac{\pi}{46} \quad r = 0$$



$$\text{Area inside one petal} = 2 \left[\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{46}} \frac{1}{2} (4 \cos 23\theta)^2 d\theta \right]$$

$$= \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{46}} 16 \cos^2 23\theta d\theta$$

$$= \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{46}} 16 \cdot \frac{1 - \cos 46\theta}{2} d\theta$$

$$= \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{46}} (8 - 8 \cos 46\theta) d\theta$$

$$= \left[8\theta - 8 \frac{\sin 46\theta}{46} \right]_0^{\frac{\pi}{46}}$$

$$= \left(\frac{8\pi}{46} - 0 \right) - (0 - 0)$$

$$= \frac{4\pi}{23}$$



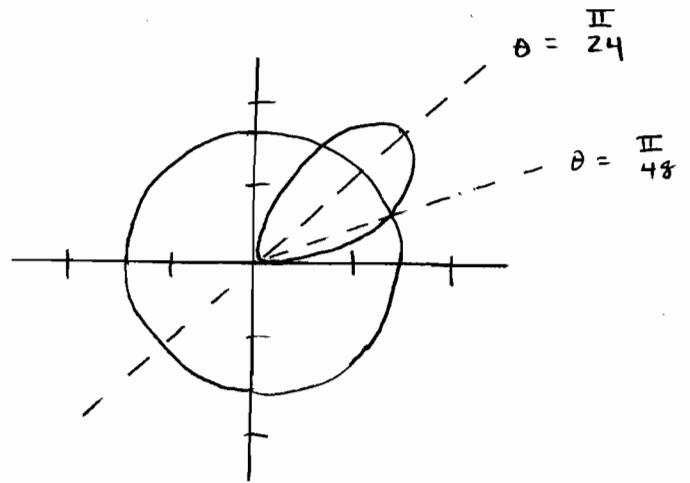
Problem 7

(a) $r = 2 \sin 12\theta$

rose w/ 24 petals

$\theta = 0 \quad r = 0$

$\theta = \frac{\pi}{24} \quad r = 2$

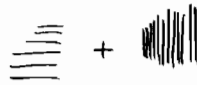
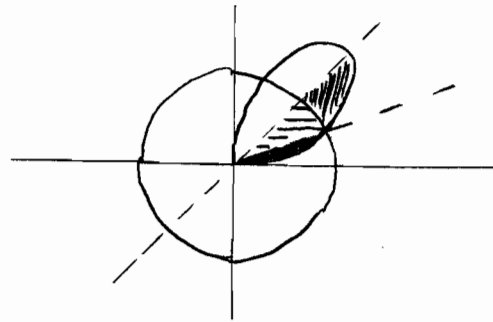


$2 \sin 12\theta = \sqrt{2}$

$\sin 12\theta = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$

$12\theta = \frac{\pi}{4}, \quad \frac{3\pi}{4}$

$\theta = \frac{\pi}{48}$



Area inside
one petal
and outside
 $r = \sqrt{2}$

$$= 2 \left[\int_{\frac{\pi}{48}}^{\frac{\pi}{24}} \frac{1}{2} (2 \sin 12\theta)^2 d\theta - \int_{\frac{\pi}{48}}^{\frac{\pi}{24}} \frac{1}{2} (\sqrt{2})^2 d\theta \right]$$

$$= \int_{\frac{\pi}{48}}^{\frac{\pi}{24}} (4 \sin^2 12\theta - 2) d\theta$$

$$= \int_{\frac{\pi}{48}}^{\frac{\pi}{24}} \left(4 \frac{1 - \cos 24\theta}{2} - 2 \right) d\theta$$

$$= \int_{\frac{\pi}{48}}^{\frac{\pi}{24}} (2 - 2 \cos 24\theta - 2) d\theta$$

$$= \int_{\frac{\pi}{48}}^{\frac{\pi}{24}} (-2 \cos 24\theta) d\theta$$

$$= \left[-2 \frac{\sin 24\theta}{24} \right]_{\frac{\pi}{48}}^{\frac{\pi}{24}}$$

$$= -\frac{\sin \pi}{12} - \left(-\frac{\sin \frac{\pi}{2}}{12} \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{12}$$

Desired Area = $24 \cdot \frac{1}{12} = 2$

b)

Common interior of one petal and circle

$$= 2 \left[\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{48}} \frac{1}{2} (2 \sin 12\theta)^2 d\theta + \int_{\frac{\pi}{48}}^{\frac{\pi}{24}} \frac{1}{2} (\sqrt{2})^2 d\theta \right]$$

$$= (**)$$

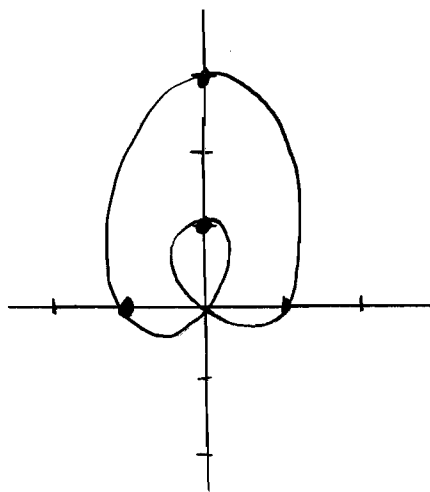
Desired Area = $24 (**)$



Problem 8

(a)

θ	r
0	1
$\frac{\pi}{2}$	3
π	1
$\frac{3\pi}{2}$	-1



$$1 + 2 \sin \theta = 0$$

$$\sin \theta = -\frac{1}{2}$$

$$\theta = \frac{7\pi}{6}, \frac{11\pi}{6}$$

Area of
inner
loop

$$= 2 \left[\int_{\frac{7\pi}{6}}^{\frac{3\pi}{2}} \frac{1}{2} (1 + 2 \sin \theta)^2 d\theta \right]$$

$$= \int_{\frac{7\pi}{6}}^{\frac{3\pi}{2}} (1 + 4 \sin \theta + 4 \sin^2 \theta) d\theta$$

$$= \int_{\frac{7\pi}{6}}^{\frac{3\pi}{2}} \left(1 + 4 \sin \theta + 4 \left(\frac{1 - \cos 2\theta}{2} \right) \right) d\theta$$

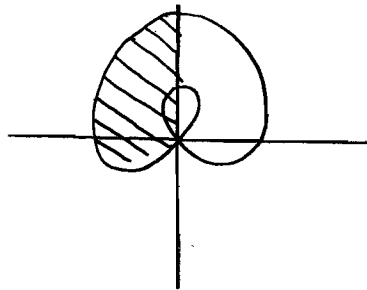
$$= \int_{\frac{7\pi}{6}}^{\frac{3\pi}{2}} (1 + 4 \sin \theta + 2 - 2 \cos 2\theta) d\theta$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&= \int_{\frac{7\pi}{6}}^{\frac{3\pi}{2}} (3 + 4\sin\theta - 2\cos 2\theta) d\theta \\
&= \left[3\theta - 4\cos\theta - 2 \frac{\sin 2\theta}{2} \right]_{\frac{7\pi}{6}}^{\frac{3\pi}{2}} \\
&= \left(\frac{9\pi}{2} - 0 - 0 \right) - \left(\frac{7\pi}{2} - 4\left(-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right) - \left(-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right) \right) \\
&= \pi - 2\sqrt{3} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \\
&= \pi - \frac{3\sqrt{3}}{2}
\end{aligned}$$

(b)

Area between inner and outer loops

$$= 2 \left[\int_{\frac{\pi}{2}}^{\frac{7\pi}{6}} \frac{1}{2} (1 + 2\sin\theta)^2 d\theta \right] - \underbrace{\left(\pi - \frac{3\sqrt{3}}{2} \right)}_{\text{area of inner loop (part a)}}$$



Problem 9

(a)

$$r = 1 + \cos \theta$$

θ	r
0	2
$\frac{\pi}{2}$	1
π	0
$\frac{3\pi}{2}$	1

$$r = 3 \cos \theta$$

$$\theta = 0 \quad r = 3$$

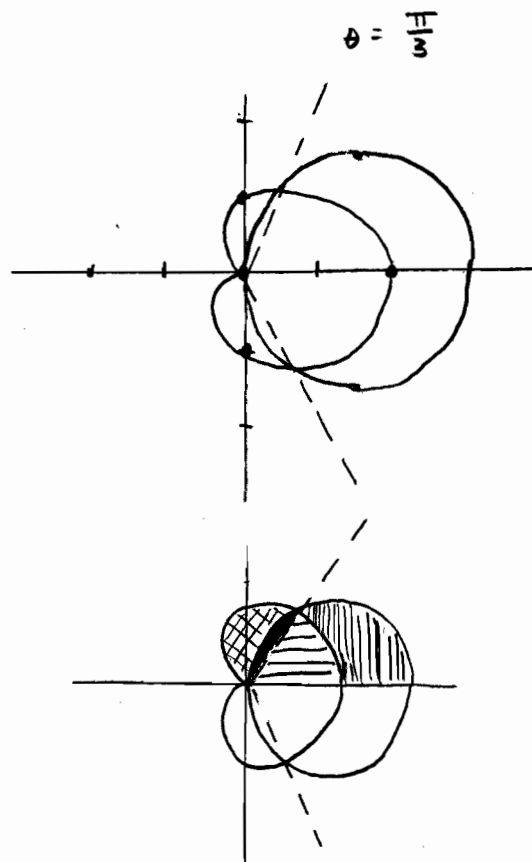
$$\theta = \frac{\pi}{2} \quad r = 0$$

$$3 \cos \theta = 1 + \cos \theta$$

$$2 \cos \theta = 1$$

$$\cos \theta = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\theta = \frac{\pi}{3}$$



Desired Area =

$$2 \left[\underbrace{\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{3}} \frac{1}{2} (3 \cos \theta)^2 d\theta}_{\text{horizontal lines}} - \underbrace{\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{3}} \frac{1}{2} (1 + \cos \theta)^2 d\theta}_{\text{vertical lines}} \right]$$

$$= \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{3}} (9 \cos^2 \theta - (1 + 2 \cos \theta + \cos^2 \theta)) d\theta$$

$$= \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{3}} (8 \cos^2 \theta - 2 \cos \theta - 1) d\theta$$

$$= \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{3}} \left(8 \left(\frac{1 + \cos 2\theta}{2} \right) - 2 \cos \theta - 1 \right) d\theta$$

$$= \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{3}} (4 + 4 \cos 2\theta - 2 \cos \theta - 1) d\theta$$

$$= \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{3}} (3 + 4 \cos 2\theta - 2 \cos \theta) d\theta$$

$$= \left[3\theta + 4 \frac{\sin 2\theta}{2} - 2 \sin \theta \right]_0^{\frac{\pi}{3}}$$

$$= \left(\pi + 2 \cdot \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} - 2 \cdot \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \right) - (0 + 0 - 0)$$

$$= \pi$$

(b)

Desired Area

$$= 2 \left[\underbrace{\int_{\frac{\pi}{3}}^{\pi} \frac{1}{2} (1 + \cos \theta)^2 d\theta}_{\text{grid} + \text{dot}} - \underbrace{\int_{\frac{\pi}{3}}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{1}{2} (3 \cos \theta)^2 d\theta}_{\text{dot}} \right]$$

(c) Common Area

$$= 2 \left[\underbrace{\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{3}} \frac{1}{2} (1 + \cos \theta)^2 d\theta}_{\text{lines}} + \underbrace{\int_{\frac{\pi}{3}}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{1}{2} (3 \cos \theta)^2 d\theta}_{\text{dot}} \right]$$



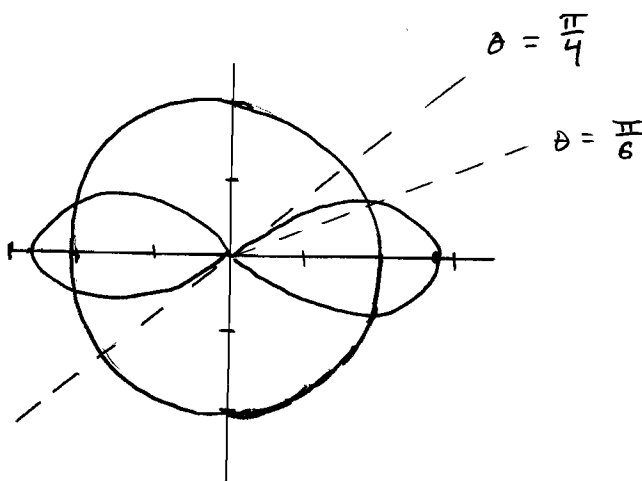
Problem 10

(a)

$$r^2 = 8 \cos 2\theta \quad \text{lemniscate}$$

$$\theta = 0 \quad r = \sqrt{8}$$

$$\theta = \frac{\pi}{4} \quad r = 0$$



$$8 \cos 2\theta = (2)^2 \quad \leftarrow \text{note square}$$

$$\cos 2\theta = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$2\theta = \frac{\pi}{3}$$

$$\theta = \frac{\pi}{6}$$

note no square

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Area inside} \\ \text{lemniscate outside} \\ \text{circle} &= 4 \left[\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{6}} \frac{1}{2} (8 \cos 2\theta) d\theta - \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{6}} \frac{1}{2} (2)^2 d\theta \right] \end{aligned}$$

$$= \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{6}} (2(8 \cos 2\theta) - 2 \cdot 4) d\theta$$

$$= \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{6}} (16 \cos 2\theta - 8) d\theta$$

$$= \left[16 \frac{\sin 2\theta}{2} - 8\theta \right]_0^{\frac{\pi}{6}}$$

$$= \left(8 \cdot \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} - 8 \frac{\pi}{6} \right) - (0 - 0) = 4\sqrt{3} - \frac{4\pi}{3}$$

(b)

$$\text{Common Area} = 4 \left[\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{6}} \frac{1}{2} (2)^2 d\theta + \int_{\frac{\pi}{6}}^{\frac{\pi}{4}} \frac{1}{2} (8 \cos 2\theta) d\theta \right]$$

Eq